ABSTRACT

This study uses a framework that adopts the Technology Acceptance Model (TAM). The purpose of this study was to analyze the effect of variable-variable perceived usefulness, perceived ease of use, quality output and job relevance of e-procurement implementation in BPJS. an goof for know what is the most dominant variable in BPJS Ketenagakerjaan.

This research method using survey techniques and sampling data with questionnaire. The analytical tool used test instrument validity and reliability of data, analysis of data using multiple linear regression with SPSS.

The results showed that the model of acceptance of the use of e-Procurement Employment BPJS influenced by perceived usefulness, perceived ease of use, output quality and job relevance that shows if the variable perceived ease of use, perceived of usefulness, output quality and job relevance, then the reception the implementation process for 5.379 indicates the number of $F_{Count} > F_{Table}$, so that H_a is accepted. Thus simultaneous variables these variables affect the acceptance EPROCUREMENT implementation amounted to only 22.9%. Based on the result, the output quality variable has dominant influence to e-procurement implementation abaout 3.734, so the conclusion show that the variables of perceived usefulness, perceived ease of use, output quality and job relevance, influence take effect smiltaneously to e-procurement implementation

Keywords: e-procurement, technology acceptance model, the acceptance of applications